Page 1 of 50

Clearinghou	Clearinghouse Rule Number: 06-120 Heari			ng Location: Madison	
	er: Chapters Comm 14 and C	Comm 60 to 66		Hearing Date: December 21, 2006	
Relating to:	Relating to: Fire Prevention Code and Commercial Building Code				
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
1	Frank Madden Wisconsin Builders Association Madison, WI	The association supports building codes and ordinances that construction of safe and affordable housing. Advocates for a greater understanding of the factors contrib multifamily housing in our state in order to develop effective Contends that 23 of fire deaths cited by the department occubuilt prior to 1993 and lacked the safety features that are an all modern multifamily construction. Believes that the proposed fire sprinkler requirement will not significant improvement in fire safety in new, small building Contends that sprinkler systems will result in higher costs to may force families into older housing where fire deaths are Contends that the high cost of sprinklers in areas without mot justified based up the fire safety record of newer building. Proposes that department appoint a group of fire fighters, by and builders to study multifamily fire deaths in the last 5 ye recommend a fire safety package for promulgation by Janua Urges consideration of options to address other fire safety is public education, tampering with smoke detectors, smoking older buildings and expanding the use of NFPA 13D system.	outing to fires in the code remedies. The code remedies of the code remedies out achieve a second consumers and likely to occur. The code is the code	The department has the authority and responsibility to promulgate rules regarding fire suppression in public buildings and places of employment which include multifamily buildings under various statutory mandates including, ss. 101.02(15)(j), 101.14(4)(a), 101.14(4)(c), and 101.973(1), Stats. It is the opinion of Joseph Thomas, Department of Commerce Chief Legal Counsel, that the language of s. 101.14(4m), Stats., does not preclude the Department from establishing fire suppression rules for multifamily buildings in circumstances or situations not described under this specific provision. The building code addresses the risk of fire in a variety of ways, but cannot eliminate every possibility of a fire occurring. Automatic fire suppression systems provide a safety solution that, unlike smoke detectors and fire-resistive construction, is intended to extinguish a fire at its point of origin or control a fire in its early stages of development. Both national model building codes, the ICC International Building Code and the NFPA Building Construction and Safety Code, establish a best-practice benchmark in mandating the installation of automatic fire sprinkler systems for multifamily-residential occupancies. The proposed adoption of the 2006 edition of the International Building Code and its existing residential sprinkler trigger is utilized by at least 24 states as statewide minimum requirements. The department's proposed rules would not require the installation of automatic fire sprinkler systems in townhouse-type residential occupancies, similar to the model codes, until the buildings contain more than 21 dwelling units as dictated by the statutes. In most situations for the construction of multifamily	
				buildings involving less than 21 dwelling units, the code	

Page 2 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Madison
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and C	Comm 60 to 66		December 21, 2006
	Fire Prevention Code and Co		11100011118 2 00001	21, 2000
Speaker	Presenter,			
1	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	City and State			
	Madden continued			recognizes two types of automatic fire sprinkler designs, NFPA 13 and NFPA 13R. Under the NFPA 13R standard, attic spaces, porches, bathrooms and certain closets are not required to be provided with suppression protection. Similar to domestic plumbing systems, the design of an automatic fire sprinkler system and the installation is based upon several engineering factors which relate to water pressure and water flow. The minimum design factors for an NFPA 13R system include water flow based upon activation of 4 sprinkler heads where the water demand can be as low as 8 gallons per minute per head, and a system flow demand of 75 gallons per minute for a 30-minute duration. Where the water supply source is inadequate to provide water pressure or water flow, booster pumps and/or reservoir tanks of 300 cubic feet are typically provided in the building. A plastic reservoir tank with dimensions of 5'x 8'x 7.5' contains 300 cubic feet. The installation costs of automatic fire sprinkler systems that the department identified from actual projects indicates that the proposed lower sprinkler threshold for residential occupancies may minimally increase the total construction costs for future residential projects. However, it is impossible to predict exactly how the proposed sprinkler requirement may financially impact a specific project where many variables come into play including insurance rate adjustments, construction material alternatives and low-income construction grants. It does not appear that by itself a more restrictive sprinkler threshold will significantly impede or curtail residential development or construction as exemplified in those municipalities that have already required the installation of automatic fire sprinkler systems below the current state-required thresholds.

Page 3 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Madison
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 0	Comm 60 to 66		December 21, 2006
Relating to: I	Fire Prevention Code and C	ommercial Building Code	,	
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
2	Madden continued Dave Lind, Fire Marshall	Supports the proposed code with respect to sprinkler thresho	olds of new	Besides threatening human life, fire in a residential occupancy affects the occupants in a number of ways, including loss of property and displacement. In light of the various activities that may occur within a person's dwelling unit and the fact that people and their guests also sleep there, requiring the installation of automatic fire sprinkler systems in residential occupancies is an effective and reasonable step to address fire-related risks to society. The rules revising the sprinkler threshold for multifamily occupancies was discussed in various advisory councils utilized by the department in the development of the proposed rule changes. See the analysis accompanying the rule draft for more information on the councils and their composition. Support noted.
	North Shore Fire Department Bayside, WI	multifamily dwellings as the right steps to move life safety i century. Counters the unaffordable argument against sprinkler protect multifamily buildings by asking shouldn't people who live (housing be afforded the same life safety and property protect Contends that current building materials, such as I joists, ha affected a building's survivability to fire and place fire fight enter and work in such buildings. Believes that sprinkler protection provides trade offs which cost of construction. Supports the builder's position that more fires occur in exist looks forward to a partnership to seek retrofit requirements issue. As a whole supports the Comm 14 package as proposed with concerns:	etion in small in) affordable etion features. we dramatically ers at risk who otection provides would reduce the ting buildings and to address this	Support noted.
		Believes that the language for an alternative fire co- consistent with the department's effort to adopt mo		Local adoption and administration of an equivalent set of alternate fire code requirements is not prohibited by the

Page 4 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locat	ion: Madison
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and (Comm 60 to 66		December 21, 2006
	Fire Prevention Code and C		,	
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	Lind continued minimize Wisconsin modifications and fractionalizes the state. Supports a one-stop shopping and questions the proposed deletions of NFPA 1 with regard to flammable and combustible liquids therein defaulting to ch. Comm 10.		Wisconsin Statutes, and is therefore allowed through the home-rule authority that local governments have under sections 59.03 and 66.0101 of the Statutes. The draft rules have been revised to enable the requested one-stop shopping, and the deletions of NFPA 1 that relate to ch. Comm 10 have been reduced to consist only of those which are needed to prevent the requirements in ch. Comm 14 from being inconsistent with the requirements in ch. Comm 10. This prevention is similar to other provisions in ch. Comm 14 that prevent Comm 14 from being inconsistent with the requirements in chs. Comm 61 to 65. Inconsistent requirements among codes are unduly difficult for regulated parties to comply with.	
		Provided a copy of a previously raised questions and answer alternative fire code. • How is a local municipality not able to accomplish need for use of the International Fire Code (IFC) to adoption? The stated goal of the Fire Code Councand evaluate NFPA 1 UFC as the Fire Prevention of Wisconsin. • How is the alternate adoption plan providing for a	n their specific hrough local cil was to review Code of the State	The proposed allowance for municipal adoption of the IFC and any additional requirements, that, in total, are equivalent to ch. Comm 14 is intended to serve municipalities which choose to administer the IFC as their base fire code. Some municipalities have felt betterserved by utilizing the IFC, because of its integration and coordination with the International Building Code (IBC). This utilization could include application of NFPA 1 requirements in addition to IFC requirements. The allowance for municipal adoption of the IFC in lieu
		 Who will provide the training and the codebooks for option? The NFPA will be providing free codebooks training for AHJs as part of the adoption. Who within the Department of Commerce will be answering questions arising out of the IFC? This with areas not specifically related to construction is sprinklers etc. If a user of the IFC has a question to above will they need to direct that question to the IFC. 	for the IFC oks and free the 'expert' in question deals i.e. fire alarms, not related to the	of NFPA 1 reflects that ch. Comm 14 is not a uniform fire prevention code. Department staff provides training about state codes and policies; not about municipal ordinances. Department staff has not been assigned to train about IFC requirements. The department has no experts assigned to answer questions about IFC requirements not related to construction. The department has no requirement whom must be consulted when a municipality has a question about implementing a municipal ordinance.

Page 5 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locat	ion: Madison	
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and C	Comm 60 to 66		Hearing Date: December 21, 2006	
	Fire Prevention Code and Co				
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
	Lind continued	ICC require a membership number to get code relanswered? Has the IFC been looked (at) and reviewed to ense provisions within it are "no less" restrictive than the NFPA 1 UFC? There is already code text that state can adopt additional rules (codes) providing they restrictive than the base document. Has analysis a documents been completed for consistency? If does not will be identified will there be references cross-references made to the base document, NFF haven't we set up a situation of using both docume situation as if a municipality adopts the IFC by or a lift the idea of alternate Code adoptions is something (Department of Commerce) embraces as a good a shouldn't this extend to all the codes the state procomparisons are not required for purposes of ensirelates to safety and construction, why doesn't the Commercial Building Code offer a similar option municipality that would rather use the NFPA suitable. Fire Code any less important than the other codes adoptions in lieu of local ordinance is the rule (rucodifying it), then shouldn't the same logic be approved document(s) a municipality or enforcing againse? The Department of Commerce has made clear ducode document(s) a municipality or enforcing againse? The Department of Commerce establish an unfunded reader, i.e. permits and certificates of fitness. When Department of Commerce establish an unfunded reader, i.e. permits and certificates of fitness. When Department of Commerce establish an unfunded reader, i.e. permits and certificates of fitness. When Department of Commerce establish and related document of the BC and related do	sure that all the those found in ates a municipality are no less of the two efficiencies have for deletion and PA 1 UFC? If so, tents? The same dinance. Ing the state and positive idea, apagates? If code aring equity as it is e Wisconsin for any is e of codes? Is the if all tentate are plied to all or any ency may want to ring the Fire Code in the total or any ency may want to ring the Fire Code in the properties of the interest of the inter	Typically, the department develops codes that allow as many options as possible as long as the goal of protecting public health, safety and welfare can be accomplished. While it is unusual for the department to allow local adoption of an alternative code by municipal ordinance, this allowance was deemed appropriate in light of the integration and coordination between the IFC and IBC. While it is true that the cost of code books went up with the adoption of the ICC suite of model codes, such an increase was believed to be reasonable when the high quality of the model codes was taken into consideration.	

Page 6 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Madison	
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and (Comm 60 to 66		learing Date: December 21, 2006	
	Fire Prevention Code and C			,	
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
	Lind continued	in these documents to the Fire Service to ensure all features that were part of the original design are being The answer, NO one. There are very few departments found the available budget monies to pay for books. The Fire Service is a partner in the construction and maintenance of buildings. The books and training, enrolled ICC Suite were provided to all fire departments. When will unfunded mandate be addressed? When Service receive the books and training it has asked sacrificing 2% dues or already overtaxed fire departments.	ng maintained? nts that have and training. I ultimate prior to the nents free. will the Fire for without		
3	Brandon Bartow Bartow Builders Manitowoc, WI	When will this unfunded mandate be addressed? Opposes proposed requirements for sprinkler protection in multifamily buildings. States that he has experienced substantial improvements to fire safety through better construction materials, techniques and code changes. Believes that the department's statistics reflect older, run-down and not maintained buildings. Contends that the proposed mandate is unreasonable and expensive; will have a huge effect on affordable housing and place people out of work. Stated that a cost quote to provided sprinkler protection for a 1900 sq. ft single family home without municipal water was over \$9,000 resulting in the customer seeking other alternatives. Sees a real value in finding affordable solutions to reduce fire deaths and improve safety in residential homes and believes that choice of sprinklers		See agency response under speaker #1.	
4	Jim Reif Reif Builders Two Rivers, WI	should be left to the home owner. Wants to be part of the solution in developing codes that enshomes remain safe. Believes that more research needs to done for fire safety commost fire victims died from smoke inhalation, questioning w would prevent these deaths; research to include building age smoke detection, construction. Is concern that sprinkler proachieve the significant improvement in fire safety for new buthan 8 units. Contends that the sprinkler requirement will result in rent in \$100 per month per unit, without significant benefit and in the without municipal water will result in a costly sprinkler install.	tending that hether sprinklers , size, condition, tection will not hildings with less creases, \$65 to hose areas	See agency response under speaker #1.	

Page 7 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	Page / of 50	
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and	Comm 60 to 66		e: December 21, 2006	
		Commercial Building Code	Trouring 2 arer	2000	
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
	Reiff continued	the building affordable to construct. Believes that problem is in older buildings with the 33 fire of buildings built prior to 1990 and average age of 66 years.			
5	Russ Sanders National Fire Protection Association Louisville, KY	Supports the department's efforts to improve fire and live safety by adopting the 2006 edition of NFPA 1. States that if Wisconsin adopts the NFPA codes, NFPA will continue providing free in-state training to code enforcement personnel and codes to those attending the training. Supports the proposed sprinkler rule for all new multi-unit dwellings of more		Support noted.	
6	Michael Lawrence Mastercraft Builders Kenosha, WI	than two units believing that the rule will save lives and property. States that cost to install sprinklers in two of their 4-unit buildings would cost around \$28,000 or \$6,000-7,000 per unit. These units are marketed as starter homes selling \$149,000. Sprinklers would increase the price by \$6,000 to 7,000 and would also require \$1,000 dollars of annual maintenance such as to change the anti-freeze in garage areas which can run up to \$5,000. Believes that the costs will result in people questioning whether they can afford to live in these units and may force them to other older non-code compliant housing. Advocates letting people choose what		See agency response under speaker #1.	
7	Nancy Washburn Mastercraft Builders and Regency Hill Development Corp., Racine, WI	they wish to have. Believes that a developer is mandated to provide an affordable housing component. The definition for affordability under state mandate is based upon a formula based upon average incomes for the locality. Contends that the implementation of the sprinkler rules has impacts on municipal services including those with inadequate water pressure and asks who is going to provide that update. States developers cannot afford to build \$200,000 water towers for sprinkler systems for one 4-unit building. Points out that for condominium developments that the sprinkler maintenance responsibility is shared by multiple owners. Believes that the sprinkler requirements would impose further responsibilities and impacts on fire departments for inspection and maintenance over the long term and questions how the departments are to accomplish this. Supports the proposed update of the commercial building code, except for the proposal regarding sprinkler protection for residential occupancies.		See agency response under speaker #1.	

Page 8 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Madison
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and (Comm 60 to 66		December 21, 2006
	Fire Prevention Code and C			
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
8	Mark Etrheim Mastcraft Homes and Home Builders Association Onalaska, WI	States the Association's primary concern is safety and has the provide it as cost-effective as possible. Believes that sprinklers are means to make buildings safe. Suggests that research be accomplished to understand why print the fires, where the buildings exist and fixing the problem Questions whether sprinkler systems will be properly maintary years in light of experiences with smoke detectors. Contends that the proposal tries to fix a problem where there significant problem where smoke detectors and carbon mone will actually save lives. Believes that the proposal will force low-income people into housing and need to fix that other housing with the most cost to make sense out of this. Advocates more study and research to determine the problem problem and save as many lives as possible.	eople are dying s. ined over the e is not a oxide detectors e substandard t-effective ways	See agency response under speaker #1.
9	Karen Lawrence Mastercraft Builders Kenosha, WI	Opposes the sprinkler mandate. Believes that the mandate focuses on safety for a minority o not a majority who live in older buildings. Raises concerns on the affordability to the consumers and as costly alternatives can be explored.		See agency response under speaker #1.
10	Terry Larson Teronomy Builders East Troy, WI	Provides an example of a situation where fire detectors worked due to an exterior pit fire. Asks why the static pressure changed from 25 psi to 35 psi; assumes it is for greater water pressure at the hydrant; involved in a project for a boosted pressure zone at a cost \$800,000. Raises concern over how condominium associations for 4 unit buildings are going to address the maintenance required for sprinkler systems. Advocates the formation of an ad hoc committee to look at the issue.		See agency response under speaker #1.
11	Bruce Johnson BDC Building Design & Construction, Inc., Milwaukee, WI	States that affordability and safety are a top priority for the is States that besides sprinklers that there are many ways to en to provide safety options for builders. Contends that the code over the past decades have added safe opportunities for the inhabitants to safely exit. Believes that costs should be consideration, pointing out that the households cannot afford 2 bedroom apartments not local	ety features and t 20% to 29% of	See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 9 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	on: Madison
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and			December 21, 2006
	Fire Prevention Code and C		Treating Bate.	21, 2000
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	Johnson continued	Believes that the code cannot stop human behavior which rest fatalities. Contends sprinklers are one approach to building protection a address occupant protection and there a number options being that provide protection to occupants and safe egress. Does not believe that requiring sprinklers in all multifamily be answer.	and does not g utilized today	
12	Jeff Stauber City of Green Bay Fire Department Green Bay, WI	Favors the adoption of the 2006 International Building Code is requirement for sprinkler systems in multifamily residential of Believes that if sprinkler protection had been provided in the buildings where 220 fire occurred over the last 5 years that privace would have been minimal and there would have been a significant the likelihood of injury and death. Contends that engineered materials used in the construction of residential construction and their rapid failure in a fire was a faline-of-duty death of a department's firefighter. Believes that have been prevented if the single-family home residence had by a residential sprinkler system and does wish to see the next in an unprotected multifamily building.	ccupancies. multifamily roperty damage icant decrease of today's factor in the this death could been protected	Support noted.
13	Brad Ligget City of Beloit Fire Department Beloit, WI	Supports the rule package that incorporates a national standar protection. Believes that the installation of fire sprinkler systems provide builders and developers that can reduce construction costs what higher quality product for their customers. Is concerned that today's construction materials are more like breakdown and collapse in the event of fire and putting firefig peril. Contends that department is not proposing a cutting-edge con expects at least the minimum standard in life safety and proper	es trade-ups to nile maintaining ely to ghters lives at	Support noted.
14	Tim Halbrook Tim Halbrook Builders Inc., DePere, WI	Believes that safety and affordability is concern occupants and Opposes the sprinkler mandate and believes that there are che alternatives Advocates addressing older buildings where fires occur.	d builders.	See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 10 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Madison
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and (Comm 60 to 66		December 21, 2006
	Fire Prevention Code and C		<u> </u>	,
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
15	Dan Gorski Madison Area Builders Association Madison, WI	Asks to have the facts reviewed further with to new and old be Contends cost is an issue and eliminates people from homes.	ouildings.	See agency response under speaker #1.
16	Don Esposito Madison Area Builders Association Madison, WI	Asks for further detailed study, including achieving greater stand unintended consequences.	afety at less cost	See agency response under speaker #1.
17	Gary Zajicek Madison Area Builders Association Madison, WI	Asks for further research, citing examples of the safety features and practices incorporated in construction since 1990 and contends that death has occurred in a multifamily shelter built after 1990 before deciding upon expensively products and/or practices.		See agency response under speaker #1.
18	Michael Coello Coello & Associates, Inc., Waukesha, WI	Supports going ahead with the new code, except for the sprinkler mandate. Does not believe enough research has occurred identifying issues, including older buildings, what caused the fire deaths, sprinkler infra-structure costs, availability of municipal water, affordability, sprinkler maintenance costs.		See agency response under speaker #1.
19	Mike Selner TCD Homes Green Bay, WI	Believes that problems should be minimized with tenant education especially with regard to smoke detection. Indicates that the sprinkler bid estimate averages \$6,000 per unit for a 11 6-unit buildings representing 5% of the construction cost and believes that customers would be not be interested in the extra cost to buy. Raises concern over sprinkler maintenance issues including costs and whose responsibilities.		See agency response under speaker #1.
20	Rick Gale Professional Fire Fighters of Wisconsin Madison, WI	Contends that firefighters will be better protected if this proposal (sprinklers) goes through and is a necessary change will improve safety for the public and firefighters.		Support noted.
21	Chad Taylor DeWitt, Ross and Stevens on behalf of the Wisconsin Builders Association Waukesha, WI	Believes that the department does not have the authority to prequiring fire sprinkler systems in all multifamily buildings b language under s. 101.14 (4m) and its history. Contends the department proposed sprinkler rule contradicts legislative intent. Submitted a memorandum on the matter.	ased upon the	See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 11 of 50

G1 : 1	D 1 N 1 06 120		T	Page 11 of 50	
	e Rule Number: 06-120	G	Hearing Locati		
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and C		Hearing Date:	December 21, 2006	
	Fire Prevention Code and C	ommercial Building Code			
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
22	Bruce Fuerbringer Wisconsin Fire – EMS Legislative Leadership Coalition Eau Claire, WI	Supports the proposal to adopt the 2006 edition of the NFPA prevention code with the following considerations: • Eliminate the option of the International Fire Code promote the uniformity and application of fire code promotes confusion for designers and building compared to the proposed promotes confusion for designers and building compared to the proposed promotes confusion for designers and building compared to the proposed proposed proposed proposed promotes confusion for designers and building compared to the proposed propo	in order to	Support noted. See agency response under speaker #2.	
	240 64414, 111	 Limit modifications to NFPA 1 only as necessary to statutory language. 	accommodate	See agency response under speaker #2. See agency response under speaker #2.	
		environment, and any conflicts with the commercial should be addressed by the most restrictive provision	Allow the construction provisions of NFPA 1 to apply to the built environment, and any conflicts with the commercial building code should be addressed by the most restrictive provision that applies. Urges the department not to alter code requirements regarding the use of fire		
23	Charles Sweeney Gryfindorff LLC Stoughton, WI	Contends that the type of investments for safety should be decided by the market place and that sprinklers are just one of many tools. Does not believe that the department has the authority to require sprinklers.		See agency response under speaker #1.	
24	Kevin Pitts Green Bay, WI	Indicates that he is comfortable with the technology and safe the UDC and concerned with providing affordable housing to Recommends looking at older structures where the problems	ety features under under the rules.	See agency response under speaker #1.	
25	Dave Lopykinski Brookstone Homes, Inc., Oconomowoc, WI	Supports the proposal of forming a committee to look at the reliable safety features for buildings.		See agency response under speaker #1.	
26	Dave Bloom Wisconsin State Fire Chiefs Association, Madison, WI	Supports and submits petitions supporting the of the 2006 In Building Code as drafted and to include the multifamily thre installing sprinkler systems. Believes that the cost of sprinkler technology is worth the in protect property and lives. Recommends that the 2006 edition of NFPA 1 should be adminimal changes as outlined by Chief Fuerbringer.	sholds for vestment to	Support noted. See agency response under speaker #2.	
27	Tod Doebler Wisconsin Fire Inspectors Association Menomonee Falls, WI	Supports the proposed code package. Requests that the modifications eliminating flammable and cliquid provisions under the adopted NFPA 1 and defaulting be realigned similar to other references for other codes. Requests elimination of the IFC option. Supports the proposed reduction of the sprinkler threshold for stating that the monetary impact is minimal compared to pro-	to ch. Comm 10	Support noted. See agency response under speaker #2. See agency response under speaker #2. Support noted.	

Page 12 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	Page 12 of 50
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and (Comm 60 to 66	0	December 21, 2006
	Fire Prevention Code and C		Treating Dute.	December 21, 2000
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	Doebler continued	and provides additional protection when smoke detectors do are not heard. Indicates that in the future today's buildings will be categorized advocates protecting them now.	zed as old and	
28	Mary Schroeder Miller Homes Brookfield, WI	Believes that the issue is one about what will be affordable to forcing people to substandard housing.	rent and	See agency response under speaker #1
29	Keith Anderson North Shore Fire Department Waukesha, WI	Supports the adoption of the 2006 edition of NFPA 1 and the sprinkler recommendations into the IFC. Contends that we cannot count on renters as neighbors to do the right thing and sprinklers provide a constant safety sentinel for protection. Notes that the fire inspections are not allowed within private residences only		Support noted.
30	William Berndt St. Croix Valley Home Builders Association River Falls, WI	in the common areas of buildings. Does not believe that this (sprinklers) is an effective way to increase fire safety citing the high cost to install in non-urban areas, estimates of \$20,000 for a 4-plex. Contends that installation and maintenance costs price people out of the market acting as a deterrent to newer housing placing more people at risk. Reiterates the WBA claim that there have been no fire deaths occurring in building constructed since 1993. Requests the department to extend the written comment period to January		See agency response under speaker #1
31	Chet Gerlach State Farm Insurance Madison, WI	19 th . Supports the proposed rule change believing that sprinklers are a worthy investment to save lives and reduce property damage and promote a degree of comfort for buyers who rely on minimum construction standards for safety and soundness of their homes.		Support noted.
32	John McCarty North Shore Bank Appleton, WI	Opposes the proposed rule change (sprinklers). Is concerned that the arbitrary rule change will discourage all types of new multifamily construction which currently provides a safe housing option.		See agency response under speaker #1.
33	Wayne Foster Brookfield, WI	Opposes the adoption of the sprinkler portion of the code. Contends that the expense of installing and maintenance of s not make a difference from the customer's perspective. Believes that activities of occupants in townhouse development the firewall separations do not affect one another. Believes that the money can be better spent upgrading and ta market and the existing market where the real hazards exist.	ents because of	See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 13 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	on: Madison
Rule Number	r: Chapters Comm 14 and	Comm 60 to 66		December 21, 2006
		Commercial Building Code		
Speaker	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
34	John Kisiel Wisconsin Builders Association Madison, WI	Opposes the change in the rule (sprinklers). Contends that the department fire death statistics fail to look underlying issues when considering the need for mandating some Believes that research needs to look at the age of structure, concation of the fire and whether sprinklers would have had an reduction in the loss of like. Contends that the current safeguards are working without the sprinklers and supported by the information uncovered in the Suggests that appropriateness and effectiveness of products a product used over residential stovetops that automatically resuppressing powder, should be considered.	sprinklers. ause of death, ny definitive e installation of eir survey. such as Firestop, releases a fire-	See agency response under speaker #1.
35	Dave Bosanko Wisconsin Alliance for Fire Safety Racine, WI	Commends the department for recommending the national standard of the building code and in fire sprinkler protection putting Wisconsin in a position to catch up with the rest of the nation. Believes that sprinklers can help save civilian and firefighter lives citing that sprinklers have a record of not experiencing a life loss of three or more people in a sprinklered building. Contends that over the years the message conveyed by the "America Burning Reports" the formula for success includes this equation – fire prevention with early warning of fire with smoke alarms, evacuation for life safety and early fire suppression through automatic fire sprinkler protection. Believes that sprinkler systems because of trade-ups and insurance benefits can be paid for in a shorter period of time.		Support noted.
36	William Babcock Wisconsin Society of Architects Madison, WI	Supports the adoption of national model codes with as few in possible. Supports a code development process that involves various is develop a consensus on code issues. Supports the proposed code update package that includes the editions including the IBC and IEBC. Requests the department to consider extending the public her period beyond January 5, 2007. Suggests that educational efforts may be needed regarding so changes, such fire department access roads and the existing be provisions. Believes that architects, as problem solvers, can help to devel solutions that meet the new code requirements.	e 2006 ICC aring comment ome of the code ouilding	The department recognizes the organization's continuing willingness to work with the department, including its participation on various advisory councils, in developing the code. The department acknowledges that the development of educational and training initiatives is necessary for the successful implementation of the code changes.

Page 14 of 50

Cleaningleon	o Dula Namban 06 120		II. anima I a anti	Page 14 of 50
	se Rule Number: 06-120	Samm 60 to 66	Hearing Locati	December 21, 2006
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and C Fire Prevention Code and Co		Hearing Date:	December 21, 2006
Speaker	Presenter,	onimercial building Code		
	Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
37	Martin King West Allis Fire Department West Allis, WI	Indicates that West Allis is one of the municipalities current restrictive fire sprinkler ordinance for 3 or more units since Believes that sprinklers could have prevented the loss of lift multifamily residential fires where protection was not proviunits. Believes that sprinklers are tool to respond to human behave always be factor in the initiation of fires no matter the amorprovided. Recommends the department move ahead with the propose noting that is reflects national model standards.	e 1992. fe in two ided inside the vior which will unt of education	Support noted.
38	Eileen Bruskewitz Wisconsin Apartment Association Waunakee, WI	Is concerned if this is a step toward the retrofitting of existing residential buildings and believes that this would be financially devastating to property owners and tenants. Requests the formation of committee affording the input of all the stakeholders in the development of the rules and the cost benefit of the sprinkler solution.		See agency response under speaker #1.
39	Kevin Klug Monona Plumbing & Fire Protection Madison, WI	Believes that the cost data provided by the builders is overs not appear to reflect bids or costs charged by his company. Contends that the sprinkler systems will save lives and prop		Support noted.
40	Jerry Deschane Wisconsin Builders Association Madison, WI	Offer the organization's willingness to work with the various stakeholders to reach a consensus. Raises the following questions: Of the other states that require fire sprinklers in small multifamily, how many allow broader use of NFPA 13D systems than the proposal allows? How many states apply a NFPA 13 system requirement in areas without an adequate water supply? What is needed from a water system and how many small municipal systems cannot provide an adequate water system? How many small multifamily buildings are built in rural areas (without municipal water) and what is the economic impact of this sprinkler mandate on those buldings? It has been one year since stakeholders have discussed this rule. None of those discussions were enlightened by the department's cost and fire death research. Why is the department ignoring		See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 15 of 50

Clearinghous	Clearinghouse Rule Number: 06-120 Heari		Hearing Location: Madison	
Rule Number	Rule Number: Chapters Comm 14 and Comm 60 to 66 Hearing Da		Hearing Date: 1	December 21, 2006
Relating to: I	Fire Prevention Code and C	ommercial Building Code		
Speaker	Presenter,			
	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	City and State			
	Deschane continued	stakeholders in this debate?		
			 Testimony at this hearing has demonstrated that the sprinkler cost 	
		estimates are in dispute. What methodology or evidence was used		
		by the department in arriving at its cost estimates, and why didn't		
		the department solicit feedback from the housing industry on his		
		question?		
		Notes that their research so far has not found any fire fatalities	es in buildings	
		built since the 1993 code update.		
		Offers to work willing in a spirit of cooperation with the stak	eholders to	
		resolve the matter.		

Page 16 of 50

				Page 16 of 50
Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120	H	learing Location	n: Mailed Comments
Rule Number	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	learing Date:	
Relating to: l	Fire Prevention and Wiscon	sin Commercial Building Code		
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
1	Russell Sanders, Central Regional Manager National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Louisville, KY	Supports the adoption of the 2006 edition of the NFPA 1, $UnifeCode^{TM}$ (UFC) as the basis for Comm 14.		Support noted.
2	Wolf Korndoerfer K-Corp Racine, WI	Understands that most fire deaths are in older multifamily housi requiring sprinklers in new buildings will not address this proble Indicates the additional cost to add sprinklers is prohibitive and is already becoming unaffordable to those with normal incomes	em. that housing	See agency response under speaker #1.
3	Ron May North Shore Bank (email/no address)	Opposes mandating sprinklers for small apartments and condon		See agency response under speaker #1.
4	Greg Tenhagen CMA Kenosha, WI	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
5	John Csepella First Banking Center (email/no address)	Opposes mandating sprinklers for small apartments and condon Believes the costs to implement this plan are too high for smalle		See agency response under speaker #1.
6	Clara Csepella Racine, WI	Opposes mandating sprinklers in all apartment buildings. Believes the cost is so prohibitive which would affect affordable rents in our communities. Believes tenants should have the responsibility of maintaining their own smoke alarm by changing the batteries on a yearly basis. Indicates this would be such a small action on a renter's part to prevent costs that will adversely affect our communities.		See agency response under speaker #1.
7	BOB (email/no address)	Indicates that mandating sprinklers in multifamily dwelling have fewer units will limit the construction of most two and four-unit		See agency response under speaker #1.
8	Brad Parker 84 Lumber Company (email/no address)	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
9	Kevin Schommer (email/no address)	Opposes mandating sprinklers for small apartments and condon Believes it will be hard to implement outside the city limits whe public water system.		See agency response under speaker #1.
10	Dennis L. Humphrey Construction Management Associates (email/no address)	Similar comment to #3.		See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 17 of 50

			Page 17 of 50
	e Rule Number: 06-120		ring Location: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and o		ring Date:
		sin Commercial Building Code	
Comments: Oral or	Presenter, Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State		, ,
11	Nicole A. Watermolen Watermolen Properties Green Bay, WI	Indicates she is a young entrepreneur who started purchasing apart buildings and currently owns 39 units and manages 48 others. Indicates she is opposed to mandating sprinklers in small apartmen buildings due to the costs that would cause rents to be increased, a believes the rule would be a deterrent to people building multifamt housing.	t nd ly
12	Jim Hopkins J & J Builders (email/no address)	Opposes the proposed rule mandating sprinklers in 3 to 20 unit bu Indicates he is concerned and proactive towards safety of the occu believes the fire incidents in new buildings do not provide justificate measure so strong. The added cost per living unit pressures the "affordability factor" for the majority of the occupants.	pants but
13	Thomax M. Cecchini (email/no address)	Indicates he is a developer of small to mid sized condominiums the priced from \$129,000 to \$185,000. Believes the new sprinkler law severely affect the markets served by pricing the units out of the racurrent buyer.	would nge of the
14	Steve Edlund Waukesha, WI	Explains that he is a union journeyman HVAC service technician vyears of experience in the commercial HVAC industry. Suggests a change in the design of the HVAC distribution systems exhibit #197 for his detailed proposal.)	
15	John O. Shaline Total Service Development, LLC Green Bay, WI	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
16	Julie Meyer Racine, WI	Similar comment to #9	See agency response under speaker #1.
17	Jim LaPlant LaPlant Architecture (email/no address)	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.
18	Briggs Noble Bay Expediters (email/no address)	Opposes the mandate to install fire sprinkler systems in apartments condominiums. Believes that government agencies have a lack of on the added burden placed on builders and the customers by this	awareness egulation.
19	Paul DeLeers DeLeers Construction Inc. Green Bay, WI	Opposes the mandate to install fire sprinklers in all apartments and the cost for this mandate will be too great for many developers to with future developments and thus slowing development in Wiscon	proceed

Page 18 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	0 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion. Manea Comments
		sin Commercial Building Code	1 110011111 2 00001	
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
20	Matt Moroney Metropolitan Builders Association Waukesha, WI	Indicates he is a member in the Metropolitan Builders' Association and Builders' Association and the Racine Kenosha Builders' Association and builds in communities where sprinklers are Believes that sprinklers are part of the national code and it will fight the acceptance of this code. Indicates the only area where this would be a problem is in a community where water service is not available. Believes the communities should not fight the requirement for sprinklers for a variance when water is not available and he would supplifrom the rule. Suggests that we should fall in line with the national code reallowable distance to the ingress/egress within the unit. Natidesign allows 125 feet from the furthest point within a unit to ingress/egress whereas Wisconsin requires the maximum disfrom the furthest point within the unit. The 75 foot limitation within mid or high rise buildings with common corridors as interfere with the layout and costs of the building. However, style designs, our second floor flat unit designs do not allow without the addition of a second staircase. During the last condustry lost the ability to use decks as jump platforms forcing limitation to be a significant design limitation. Understands that all are going to be forced to live under the along with the rest of the nation. If we are competing on an field as a state, I can understand that. It is when we are pricing higher than other states that we will suffer the greatest. Indicactively participating in the construction of multifamily units border and cannot afford to give a competitive advantage to building community. Believes that Wisconsin will be losing customers to the builders in other states and thereby losing bustates as well.	already required. could be futile to rural e small but should ask cort this variance lative to the conally, unit to the point of tance at 75 feet n are acceptable they do not they do n	See agency response under speaker #1.
21	Jeff Schlag Total Service Development LLC Green Bay, WI	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 19 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion manes comments
		sin Commercial Building Code		
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
22	Tim Halbrook Tim Hallbrook Builders, Inc. (email/no address)	Opposes the approval of the sprinkler change. Believes the require sprinkler systems in all multifamily dwelling units we the building of these units because of the increase of proper decreasing rents, and the poor economy. Indicates that own multifamily dwellings are barely covering their costs the way	would devastate ty taxes, ters of ty it is now.	See agency response under speaker #1.
23	Leigh C. Hanson (email/no address)	Indicates the cost to provide sprinklers in all dwelling units would range from \$3,000 to \$10,000 per unit, which would make this one of the most expensive rule changes in state history. Believes there is no way his 8-unit apartment buildings would provide enough income to cover such an expense and this rule change may result in him having to sell his buildings. Explains sprinkler systems are not required in private homes and believes government is interfering too much into the private lives of individuals.		See agency response under speaker #1.
24	Tina Bunker (email/no address)	Similar comment to #6		See agency response under speaker #1.
25	John Mau Mau Realty and Builders Appleton, WI	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
26	David C. Williams II Axley Brynelson, LLP Madison, WI	Asks whether the Department of Commerce initiated the chaparticular committee associated with the changes.	ange or was there	Information is provided under the analysis of the proposed rules concerning advisory council involvement.
27	David Soens Department of Health and Family Services Madison, WI	Proposes to include previous language, maintain current land the following code requirements relating to mechanical vent hospitals: 1. Comm 64.0300 (use previous language from 7-1-0 2. Comm 64.0401 (4) (a) 4. (maintain current language 3. Comm 64.0403 (4) (a) (maintain current language) 4. Comm 64.0403 (6) (c) 6. (update Table references Guidelines) 5. Comm 64.0403 (8) (d) (update Table references from Guidelines) 6. Comm 64.0404 (1) (a) and (b) (maintain current language) 7. Comm 64.0605 (1), (2) and (3) (maintain current language) 8. Comm 64.0900 (maintain current language) 9. Comm 64.1500 (2) (update the edition to reflect the standards of practice)	tilation for (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8	Issues are covered by the adopted AIA guidelines. Issues are covered by the adopted AIA guidelines. Issues are covered by the adopted AIA guidelines. The proposed rules have been changed and reflect the correct title of the referenced document. The proposed rules have been changed and reflect the correct title of the referenced document. The IMC provision as written is acceptable. Issues are covered by the adopted AIA guidelines. Issues are covered by the adopted AIA guidelines. The proposed rules have been changed and reflect the correct title of the referenced document.

Page 20 of 50

Rule Number	e Rule Number: 06-120 : Chapters Comm 14 and		ing Location: Mailed Comments
	: Chapters Comm 14 and	-0	
Relating to: F		ing Date:	
rterating to. 1	Fire Prevention and Wiscor	nsin Commercial Building Code	
Comments:	Presenter,		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State		
28	Briggs Noble (email/no address)	Recommends that the Department consider alternatives to the propore requiring sprinklers in new multifamily construction. States the proposal ignores the substantial improvements in fire safe achieved through the use of better building materials and constructive techniques. Indicates that a key part of improving fire safety also lies in better preducation and enforcement of the existing codes to make sure multibuildings have working smoke detectors and residents who react qualwhen these alarms sound. Indicates that in Brown County, an estimate to install sprinkler was per unit. Urges withdrawing the mandate or working toward a compromise was not only live with, but afford. Additional comments to his submittal under exhibit #18	ety on ublic family ickly \$5,000
29	Jim Hopkins	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.
29	J & J Builders (email/no address)	Additional comments to his submittal under exhibit #12	See agency response under speaker π1.
30	Jeff Auberger Conservation Development, LLC East Troy, WI	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.
31	Mark Etrheim La Crosse, WI	Indicates that we are in favor of preventing as many deaths as practise sprinklers are not at the top of the list of the best ways to accomplish objective, even ignoring the costs. Quality working smoke detector of less than \$200 an apartment will save many more lives than a \$50 sprinkler system ever will. Believes that carbon monoxide detectors save more lives than sprinklers.	h that s at a cost 00 s will
32	Charles Johansen (email, no address)	Similar comment to #9 and feels this will impact people who remain rural areas.	n in our See agency response under speaker #1.
33	Gordon Wipperfurth Wisconsin Rapids, WI	Similar comment to #6	See agency response under speaker #1.
34	Ralph Kennedy II Menasha, WI 54952	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.
35	Mari Charles DePere, WI	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 21 of 50

			Page 21 o		
Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Location: Mailed Comments		
Rule Number	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:		
Relating to: I	Fire Prevention and Wiscon	sin Commercial Building Code			
Comments:	Presenter,	_			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response		
Exhibit No.	City and State				
36	Karen Lawrence	Similar comment to #12	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	MasterCraft Builders, Inc.				
	Kenosha, WI				
37	Christopher Stebnitz	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	Stebnitz Builders, Inc.				
	Delavan, WI				
38	Rkvdl	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.		
20	(email/no address)	Similar agreement to #12	C		
39	Don Glays Winnebago Home Builders	Similar comment to #12	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	Association				
	Oshkosh, WI				
40	Mark Burbey	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.		
.0	Kerber, Rose & Associates		see agency response ander speaker with		
	Manitowoc, WI				
41	Nathan Bernstein	Similar comment to #12	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	Joseph Property				
	Development, LLC				
	Milwaukee, WI				
42	Mike Richie	Similar comment to #23, but his range for sprinklers is from	\$2,300 to See agency response under speaker #1.		
42	Stevens Point, WI	\$10,000 per unit.	0 1 1 11		
43	Pam Vandera	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	Mortgage Loan Originator Kaukauna, WI				
44	Larry Carli	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.		
1	North Shore Bank	Similar Comment to #20	see agency response under speaker #1.		
	(email/no address)				
45	Tim Voeller	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	Bielinski Homes, Inc.				
	Waukesha, WI				
46	Mark Pekarske	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	Pekarske Builders, Inc.				
,	(email/no address)				
47	Vicki Markussen	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.		
	La Crosse, WI				

Page 22 of 50

Classinghouse	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hasring I aget	ion: Mailed Comments
	: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	70 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion. Maned Comments
		sin Commercial Building Code	Treating Date.	
Comments:	Presenter,	Commercial Building Code		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State	Commences Recommendations		rigency response
48	Mark S. Bourque	Similar comment to #2 and states that most people do not re	cognize the	See agency response under speaker #1.
40	Prudential Premier	ongoing annual maintenance and testing costs required or pl		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Properties	alarm charges.	one mes and	
	Kenosha, WI			
49	Edward A. Schmidt	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Semidt Bros. Custom			
	Homes, Inc.			
~~	Appleton, WI			
50	James A. Sutter	Similar comment to #2		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Emerald Ridge Construction, LLC			
	Mount Horeb, WI			
51	Elizabeth Tharp	Expresses support of the recommendation to adopt the 2006	International	Support noted.
	State Farm Insurance	Building Code (IBC). Believes that mitigation activities such		Support notes.
	Companies	fire sprinklers and strengthening structures are a worthy inve		
	Madison, WI	ultimately help save lives and reduce property damage. Bel		
		Building Codes related to fire sprinklers and other building		
		items have a positive effect on our state and promote a degre		
		among buyers who rely upon minimum construction standar	ds for safety and	
52a to 52h	Gene Young, Leon A.	soundness of their home. Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
324 10 3211	Church, John Mau,	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Jeffery Ma, David			
	Coonen, Rock Kanynh,			
	David Cap, David			
	Eislele			
	Valley Home Builders			
	Association			
52	Appleton, WI	G''1		C
53	Mike Vilstrup	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
	TimberLane Builders, LLC (email/ no address)			
54	Greg Shaw	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Shaw Building & Design	Similar comment to #20		bee agency response under speaker #1.
	Inc.			
	(email/no address)			

Page 23 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	50 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion. Maned Comments
	•	sin Commercial Building Code	Treating Dute.	
Comments:	Presenter,	Sin Committee 2 and ang Code		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
55	Mike Selner	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
	TCD Homes			
	(email/no address)			
56	Liv Mueller	Supports the installation of sprinklers since just recently her		Support noted.
57	(email/no address) La Verne Hensen	her life due to a fire and her smoke detector had no battery in Similar comment to #28	1 11.	See agency response under speaker #1.
37	Hensen Builders, Inc.	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Waunakee, WI			
58	Lisa Olgren	Similar comment to #6 and believes people would probably	disconnect the	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Oneida, WI	system as a nuisance.		
59	Scott Draves	Similar comment to #2 and believes it will hinder construction	on.	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Fond du Lac, WI		C '1 1 11'	
60	Tim Carlson	Agrees with the proposed rule change for sprinklers in multi-		See agency response under speaker #1.
	(email/no address)	with the exception for smaller dwellings units such as a 4-unit building located in rural areas without municipal water supply. The costs for water		
		storage or a fire pump would be astronomical. There should be some		
		equivalent alternative designs, such as 2-hour structurally independent fire		
		walls between every two units.		
		Explains there are many older churches located in rural areas	without	For church additions, the ability to separate fire areas or
		municipal water supply that would like to add on a carport of		separate buildings through the use of fire-resistive
		vestibule but the addition may bring them over the square for		construction or fire walls is an option recognized under
		requiring sprinklers. Suggests the same rationale for equival		the code; this option is not being eliminated with the
61	James Martins	sprinklers (2-hour fire wall) be used for these occupancies to		adoption of the 2006 edition of the IBC.
61	Milwaukee County	Supports the adoption of the fire sprinkler rules on behalf of	the Association.	Support noted.
	Association of Fire			
	Chiefs			
62	Fred R. Walling	Supports the installation of fire sprinklers in multifamily dwe	ellings.	Support noted.
	Delavan Building Inspector			
	Delevan, WI			
63	Roger Bjorge	Supports the efforts to strengthen and broaden the sprinkler to		Support noted.
	De Forest Area Fire Wisconsin Commercial Building Code (WCBC). Indicates that cars are			
	District	made safer because of traffic fatalities, so why shouldn't buil	dings be made	
	De Forest, WI	safer with the installation of sprinklers?		
L				1

Page 24 of 50

G1 : 1	D 1 M 1 06 100			Page 24 of 50
	e Rule Number: 06-120			on: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6		Hearing Date:	
		sin Commercial Building Code		
Comments:	Presenter,			A
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
64	Leon Church Sweetwood Builders, Inc.	Explains he is a builder of condominiums that are one story buildings and cannot justify the additional \$4,000 for the ins		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Appleton, WI	sprinklers. Believes the current code requirements for unit s		
	rippicton, wr	smoke detectors, egress windows from basement areas and s		
		combustions on all appliances provides acceptable alternativ		
65	Gerry Lycholat	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Knutson Bros II, LLC			
	East Troy, WI			
66	Joseph T. Heimsch	Supports the adoption of this law. States that his department		Support noted.
	Building Safety and Zoning Department	of Watertown is responsible for all building and mechanical fire inspections and noted that numerous owners of 4-family		
	Watertown, WI	voluntarily installed sprinklers. They feel their investment w		
	Watertown, WI	back in 10 years.	outa oc para	
67	Mary Anne Moore	Urges the Department of Commerce to do further research o		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Sweetwood Builders, Inc.	of sprinklers in small buildings. Believes that properly insta		
	Appleton, WI	detectors have been proven to alert residents in time for evac		
		burning building. Believes the current code provides the need	eded safety	
68	Dorie Etrheim	alternatives. Similar comment to #6 and urges Department of Commerce	to do further	See agency response under speaker #1.
	La Crosse, WI	research to determine where the problem exists and what is r		See agency response under speaker #1.
		the renters.	P	
69	Jonathan A. Fox	Commends the Department of Commerce for recommending	the national	Support noted.
	Sun Prairie, WI	standard in fire sprinkler protection as part of the WCBC. S		
		presence of fire sprinkler systems helps reduce the number o	f fire deaths and	
		helps protect the tax base by reducing property damage.	00/ 66	
		Believes research supports the Departments decision since 8 occur in homes, fire and burn injuries represent 1% of the to		
		incidence of injuries nationally and 2% of total costs of injuries		
		residential fires caused nearly \$7 billion in property damage.		
		Indicates there have been numerous false claims about fire s		
		relating to the entire system going off when only the sprinkle	•	
		will activate.		
		Explains the average cost to install fire sprinklers is less than		
		cost of carpet. Builders and developers can capture cost sav		
		areas when they install fire sprinkler systems through trade-u		
		street infrastructure through reduced main sizing and hydran	spacing along	

Page 25 of 50

Clearinghous	Clearinghouse Rule Number: 06-120 Hearing Location			on: Mailed Comments	
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6		Hearing Date:	Date:	
Relating to: I	Fire Prevention and Wiscon	sin Commercial Building Code			
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
	Fox continued	with smaller street widths and turnarounds for fire trucks. Believes installing fire sprinklers helps increase the value of n facilities, decrease insurance rates and provide residents with			
70	Mark Bossenbroek Milton, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
71	Michael Carter Lodi, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
72	Timothy A. Braund Lake Mills, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
73	Boomer Braun Madison, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
74	Corey Danto Cambridge, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
75	Travis Hayes Evansville, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
76	Marc Hageman Grand Chute, WI	Explains he rents an apartment, which is sprinklered, and is re newspaper article he read that was claiming fire sprinklers cos unit. Believes that over the life of his apartment the cost to pr sprinklers would still be affordable and should not be eliminat claims from home builders.	t \$5,000 per ovide the	Support noted.	
77	Dick Prehn Green Bay, WI	Indicates he is in favor of having rules in place which would require sprinklers in all 4-plex and larger apartments. Explains he lost his mother in an apartment fire and believes that if the building had been sprinklered not only would her life have been spared, but the damage to the building would have been much less.		Support noted.	
78a to 78e	Walter Regal, Mark Regal, Ingrid Regal, Lisa Regal, Christina Regal Regal Home Builders Regal Crrest Apartments (email/no address)	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.	
79	Robert Winterhorn Milwaukee, WI	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.	

Page 26 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments	
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	50 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion. Maned Comments	
	Relating to: Fire Prevention and Wisconsin Commercial Building Code				
Comments:	Presenter,	Committee and an ending			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
Exhibit No.	City and State				
80	Kevin Klug	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
	Monona Plumbing and Fire				
	Prevention				
0.1	Monona, WI Kirk Goretski	6'-'1		Constant	
81	H.J. Pertzborn Fire	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
	Protection				
	Madison, WI				
82	Mark Etrheim	Similar comment to #12		See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Ertheim Properties				
02	Onalaska, WI				
83	Captain Bill Ruchti	Similar comment to #63 and has witnessed first hand, the life		Support noted.	
	Janesville Fire Department Janesville, WI	savings that have occurred in buildings protected by fire spri the cost of sprinklers is minimal in an overall building projec			
	Junesvine, W1	advanced sprinkler technology.	or with today 5		
84	Raymond C. Leffler	Does not support reducing the minimum multifamily unit thr	eshold for	See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Newport Development	sprinklers to 3 units and up.			
	Corp.	Believes the new set of multifamily codes is worth evaluation	n of whether fire		
	Racine, WI	sprinklers will provide safety to the building or safety to the			
		States it is important to note that there are many ways to ensurate's building codes result in a safe and affordable living en			
		Indicates fire sprinklers can be a great option; however, they			
		be mandated for all units and under all circumstances.	00 1100 1100 10		
		Indicates the unit threshold for fire sprinklers are established	in the state		
		statutes, so is confused how the department has the authority	to change this		
0.5	W 1 F G	state law without approval from the legislature.			
85	Mark E. Carstensen Mark Carstensen	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Construction &				
	Development				
	Companies, Inc.				
	Franklin, WI				
86	Susan Montie	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Pewaukee, WI				

Page 27 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Location	Hearing Location: Mailed Comments		
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:			
	•	sin Commercial Building Code	1 8			
Comments:	Presenter,					
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response		
Exhibit No.	City and State			rigency response		
87	Donna Spakowicz	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.		
0,	DG-Remodeling			see agency response under speaker with		
	Pewaukee, WI					
88	Bruce Johnson	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.		
	Metropolitan Builders					
	Association of Greater					
	Milwaukee					
	Milwaukee, WI					
89	Terry Luedke	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
00	Hubertus, WI	0: 11		0 1		
90	Kay Luedke Hubertus, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
91	Dave Bauer	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
91	Greendale, WI	Similar comment to #09		support noted.		
92	Anna Bauer	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
/2	Greendale, WI			support notes.		
93	Faith Honkamp	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
	Pewaukee, WI			••		
94	Dustin Schliz	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
	West Allis, WI					
95	Mike Luedke	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
0.1	Sussex, WI					
96	Mark Barber	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
07	New Berlin, WI	Similar comment to #60		Cumment metad		
97	Nick Ries Hartford, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
98	Angie Reis	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
70	Hartford, WI	Similar comment to no		Support noted.		
99	Dana Richter	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
	Colgate, WI					
100	Jeff Richter	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
	Colgate, WI					
101	Mike Umhoefer	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.		
	Pewaukee, WI					

Page 28 of 50

Clearinghouse Rule Number: 06-120 Hearing Location: Mailed Comments				
	: Chapters Comm 14 and 6		learing Date:	
		sin Commercial Building Code	6	
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response	
Exhibit No.	City and State			
102	Robert Kopfmann	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Kopfmann Co., Inc.			
	(email/no address)			
103	Diane Ormsby	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Regal Crest Apartments			
104	(email/no address)	0. 1		
104	Robert Hassler Greenfield, WI	Similar comment to #69	Support noted.	
105	Paul T. Kosmoski	Similar comment to #12	See agency response under speaker #1.	
103	Brown County construction	Similar comment to #12	see agency response under speaker #1.	
	and business			
	(email/no address)			
106	Henry L. Butts	Similar comment to #63	Support noted.	
	Watertown Fire			
	Department			
107	Watertown, WI	01. 11	0 1	
107	Katherine Carney Milwaukee, WI	Similar comment to #69	Support noted.	
108	Lance Hanson	Similar comment to #69	Support noted.	
100	Eau Claire Firefighters	Similar comment to #09	Support noted.	
	Eau Claire, WI			
109	Pat Caster	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Broker/Owner			
	Green Bay, WI			
110	Corey C. Gall	Similar comment to #69	Support noted.	
	Sprinkler Fitters Local			
	Union 183 Menomonee, WI			
111	James Pl Rugg	Similar comment to #84	See agency response under speaker #1.	
111	Eagle Electric	Similar Comment to #04	see agency response under speaker #1.	
	Waukesha, WI			
112	Ingrid McMasters, LC,	Proposes that Wisconsin adopt a similar method relating to the	energy code Agree, the proposed rules have been changed to	
	IESNA	and calculation of lighting loads similar to California Title 24, v		
	KJWW Engineering	the use of current power limiters installed with line voltage track	k. Believes	
	Consultants	this will allow establishments like restaurants and retail establishments		
	Madison, WI	have more flexibility in their lighting placement while still limit	ing the power	

Page 29 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	VIIIIV COMMONS
	1	sin Commercial Building Code	1	
Comments:	Presenter,	8		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
	McMasters continued	consumption of the track. Includes sample cut sheets of the	current power	
		limiting device and applicable pages from the Title 24 Nonre		
		Compliance Manual.		
		Indicates this change would require an additional definition		
		power limiting device" under Comm 63.1005 and modificati	on of Comm	
113	Henry M. Isaksen	63.1045 (4a) to assimilate Title 24. Indicates the cost of sprinklers with municipal water is \$2.20) par squara foot	See agency response under speaker #1.
113	Isaksen Architects, LLC	for entire building, and with no municipal water the cost is \$2.20		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Sturgeon Bay, WI	foot for the entire building.	5.50 per square	
114	Mark White	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
	Menomonee Falls, WI			
115	Ann Rodrigues	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Avid Homes, LLC			
116	Pewaukee, WI	G' '1 40 A		C
116	David Rodrigues, Jr. David & Goliath Builders,	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Inc.			
	Pewaukee, WI			
117	John H. Stoker	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Mequon, WI			
118	Michael Worske	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
110	West Allis, WI	G' 7		
119	Matt Hall	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
120	Nashotah, WI Shelley R. Gall	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
120	West Bend, WI	Similar comment to no		Support noted.
121	Susan M. Gassner	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
	Lomira, WI			**
122	Pam Courtney	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Brookfield, WI			
123	Jon Petroskey	Similar comment to #63		Support noted.
	City of Antigo Fire Antigo, WI			
124	Dave Van Lanen	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
127	Architect	Similar Comment to π20		bee agency response under speaker π1.
	(email/no address)			
	/	1		

Page 30 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments	
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	50 to 66	Hearing Date:		
		sin Commercial Building Code	1 1100011118 2 00001		
Comments:	Presenter,				
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
Exhibit No.	City and State				
125	Nancy kay Behnke	Similar comment to #2		See agency response under speaker #1.	
	NKS Property				
	Management				
	(email/no address)				
126	Scott A. Beres	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
127	Brookfield, WI	Cimilar assument to #0 and #20		C	
127	Kelly Claflin Portside Builders	Similar comment to #9 and #28		See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Door County				
128	Jason Steen	Similar comment to #12		See agency response under speaker #1.	
	Steen Construction of				
	Osseo, Inc				
	Osseo, WI				
129	Craig A. Rakowski	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.	
100	Wauwatosa, WI			~	
130	Beau Gabriel	Similar comment to #63		Support noted.	
	Fire Fighter (email/no address)				
131	Jennifer Moritz	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.	
	Sun Prairie, WI			Support notes.	
132	Jay Griggs	Explains the biggest issue for them having just constructed a	n aircraft	In addition to building a smaller building, there are other	
	Griggs Aviation	hangar, was that a sprinkler system was required for an aircr		options available in lieu of providing a sprinkler system.,	
	New Richmond, WI	more than 12,000 square feet of space. Since city water is no		including the installation of fire barriers to	
		our site and the cost of putting in our own wells and sprinkle		compartmentalize the building into multiple smaller fire	
		have added nearly \$500,000 to the cost of a \$650,000 buildi		areas. The code does allow the use of foam suppression	
		they were forced to build a much smaller building than the lost. Believes that a sprinkler system in this type of facility w		systems under NFPA 11 and 11A when a water-based	
		ineffective in extinguishing it since the burning fuel floats or		system would be ineffective.	
		the water. Indicates a much better idea would be to have so			
		extinguishers required or perhaps some kind of foam system			
		effective on fuel fires.			
		Explains they were not happy about the requirement to put in		It is unclear from the information provided why the air	
		handling system in a building that contains 300,000 cubic fe		handling system was required. Clarification has been	
		two people working in it, with no painting, welding or chemi		provided to staff on the application of the ventilation	
		Believes the air handling system serves only to pump out the	cool air in the	requirements as it relates to hangars.	

Page 31 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion. Maned Comments
		usin Commercial Building Code	Treating Bate.	
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	Griggs continued	summer and hot air in the winter, substantially increasing or conditioning and heating bills and serving no beneficial pur Suggests that the changes being proposed rectify the unrease requirement to sprinkler aircraft hangars.	pose.	
133	Thomas H. Mudrovich Architect (email/no address)	Endorses the proposed sprinkler code changes to require fir system in multifamily dwellings of four or more units. Thor Wisconsin as a leader in building code development and im Believes this requirement is the right thing to do. Indicates that as he has seen over the years, there are some clook to the benefit of the building above the minimum code but there are all too many that will begrudge even having to code. Explains that to take this a step further, if the requirement for were applied to existing buildings the way ADA upgrades a would have a means of affecting an upgrade to the existing multifamily housing.	nght of plementation. owners who will requirements, build to the or fire sprinkler re, the state	Support noted.
134	Robert Cannon Burlington, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
135	Alan M. Anahmer Volunteer Fire Fighter Lone Rock, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
136	Bob Lederer Waubeka Fire Prevention Bureau Waubeka, WI	Supports and urges the Department to adopt the IBC 2006 a sprinklers. Admits that it will increase the cost of buildings of lives should come first.		Support noted.
137	Michael J. Woodzicka Appleton Fire Fighters Union Appleton, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
138	J. Scott Mathie Metropolitan Builders Association Waukesha, WI	Indicates there are a number of approaches to providing a sage environment in multifamily housing – fire sprinklers being of However, there are many ways to ensure that the state's built providing safety options to builders. Requiring fire sprinkle multifamily applications is not the answer and is not support industry.	one approach. ding codes are ers in all	See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 32 of 50

Classinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Haaring I agati	on: Mailed Comments
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	on. Maned Comments
		sin Commercial Building Code	Treating Date.	
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State	Commence recommendations		rigolog Response
	Mathie continued	 Identifies specific comments regarding the proposal relating Building code already includes alternatives. In an effort to provide safety to all multifamily ten owners have established rules that limit or ban the smoking, grilling on balconies and other activities. concerns stem from irresponsible human behavior. Sprinklers can be an option and part of the strategy 	ants, building use of candles, . Some safety	
		the answer in all circumstances. 4. Sprinklers have always been viewed as a property a habitant protection. Arguments for sprinklers had insurance savings; however, those arguments are usenot address any concerns over safety. 5. There are significant limitations to the use of spring not be required for all multifamily applications. To rationale is not the cost but the maintenance requires supply problems. 6. A large percentage of families will be forced into the housing options. States that newer housing options very safe living environment and this fact should novershadowed. 7. States that several studies confirm that the single novershadowed. 8. Indicates the Department does not have the author statute without going through the proper channels.	protection versus ave been based on infounded and do aklers and should the overriding rements and water older, lower cost as do provide a not be most important of the ity to change a	
139	Timothy M. O'Brien Oconomowoc, WI	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
140	Carol Samsa Franksville, WI	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
141	Ron Lemke Flanner's Home Entertainment Brookfield, WI	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
142	John M. McCarty North Shore Bank Appleton, WI	Similar comment to #2		See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 33 of 50

C111	D1. N1 06 120		TIiI	Page 33 of 50
	se Rule Number: 06-120	70.1-77		on: Mailed Comments
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6		Hearing Date:	
		sin Commercial Building Code		
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
143	Kenneth L. Collins Sun Prairie, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
144	Christopher C. Indiraraj West Bend, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
145	Peter W. Stebbins Madison Area Builders Association Madison, WI	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
146	Jason A. Now North Fond du Lac, WI	Similar comment to #69		Support noted.
147	Mike W. Schroeder Volunteer Fire Fighter Madison, WI	Similar comment to #63		Support noted.
148	Jeanie and Jerry Sieling Fitchburg, WI	Supports the update of the IBC to require sprinklers in all new multifamily dwellings of more than two units. Live in Fitchburg where there have been many apartment fires which endanger occupants and increase the cost of public safety for all of the tax payers.		Support noted.
149	John H. Pellmann ACP Properties, LLC Wauwatosa, WI	Similar comment to #28		See agency response under speaker #1.
150	Lee Heiling Beaver Dam Fire Fighters, Local 3432 Beaver Dam, WI	Similar comment to #63		Support noted.
151	Susan Schmitz-Kleckner Bowne Marketing and Business Communications Milwaukee, WI	Supports the effort to pass a law regarding the installation of systems in multifamily dwellings of two or more units. Indic aged 85 and 90 live in a multifamily apartment complex and other residents have left something on the stove and have set alarms. Is more comfortable knowing her parents are safer b sprinkler system in their building. Encourages the state and building industry to work together t can to achieve the goal of saving lives.	ates her parents many times off the fire y having a	Support noted.
152	Lawrence Wilson Green Bay Fire Prevention Division Green Bay, WI	Indicates the two groups most vulnerable to fire deaths are the and the very old. Children under the age of 5 must rely on the for them to save them from danger. The elderly are four to fillikely to die in a fire as the general population. Said the U.S.	ose who care ve times more	Support noted.

Page 34 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	on: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	
	•	sin Commercial Building Code		
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
	Wilson continued	projects there will be some 55 million Americans over the age year 2020 and by the year 2050 and many of these people we multifamily housing. Gives some incidents of fires in apartment buildings where the were working but deaths occurred because the people were used alarm or get out of the buildings safely. Explains that stricter building codes have helped reduce the deaths; however, a plateau has existed over the last decade, many smoke alarm systems are not working or can be tamped whereas automatic sprinkler systems provide protection by reprinkler systems are designed to automatically detect fire, so and suppress the fire until fire fighters can respond. Believes Wisconsin has the opportunity of joining the twenty states that have adopted the IBC sprinkler code requirements.	and the second of the second o	
153	Al Arnold	reducing the number of deaths and injuries from fire. Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
155	Rice Lake, WI	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
154	Patrick Foley Total Service Development, LLC (email/no address)	Expresses opposition to the proposed sprinkler system mand residential units. Indicates he has been in the real estate individual years and has seen many mandates that affect this industry in safety, which also affects the affordability of the housing. Becurrent code already has safety measures such as smoke detestops and these are very successful with a very affordable prexplains the initial cost to install the sprinklers may be minor the on-going maintenance of the completed system. Believe industry may get into a frenzy by increasing their costs for all excessive claims that will be caused by "accidental" incident systems to go off creating more damage than a fire would care	astry for over 30 at the name of elieves the ctors and fire tice tag. It compared to so the insurance of the so causing	See agency response under speaker #1.
155	Kevin Sunderland Sunderland Construction Inc. (email/no address)	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 35 of 50

Classinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Haaring Logoti	ion: Mailed Comments
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion. Maned Comments
	•	usin Commercial Building Code	Treating Date.	
Comments:	Presenter,	Confinercial Building Code		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
156	Jeremy J. Klass	Believes the small apartment units should not be required to	ha anrinklarad	See agency response under speaker #1.
130	Engineered Homes, LLC	especially existing apartments. Believes we would be better		see agency response under speaker #1.
	(email/no address)	the tenants on fire safety, a rather inexpensive alternative co		
		sprinklers.		
		Identifies affordability as a concern and suggests we look at		
		started and what other easier maintenance or preventive mea	sure that could	
157	John L. Lautz	have been acted on prior to the fire. Similar comment to #12		See agency response under speaker #1.
157	Lautz Custom Builders,	Similar comment to #12		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Inc.			
	La Crosse, WI			
158	David Turk	Similar comment to #2		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Onalaska, WI			
159	Jeffery L. Brohmer	Explains he is the Division Chief of Inspection for the La Cr		Support noted.
	Division Chief of Inspection	Department with 29 years as a volunteer and career firefight today, putting water on the seat of the fire is the most cost ef		
	La Crosse, WI	method for extinguishing a building fire.	rective and best	
	Zu Crosse, Wi	States that not only should the people who live in multifamil	y dwelling be	
		considered relative to safety but the firefighters work is very		
		must be considered also.		
		Indicates that the lives of people in multifamily dwellings ar		
		lose of their home and possessions and being displaced. Oft do not have renters insurance, which causes additional hards		
		Explains he had an opportunity to attend the public hearing	-	
		2006 and felt the big issue of contention between the fire ser		
		builders is the requirement that all new multifamily housing	buildings with	
		three or more units must be fitted with fire sprinklers. Belie	ves that it is not	
		too expensive nor cost prohibitive.		
		Believes that this issue does not need to be studied any furth believes the fire service has studied this issue for years. Exp		
		fire breaks out in a building protected by sprinklers, the spri		
		the fire is either contained or extinguished. No fire means li		
		which means no one dies from smoke inhalation.		
		Indicates the statistics gathered by Commerce on fire deaths		
		dwelling show that the deaths occurred in older existing buil		
		that buildings constructed now will one day be older building	gs and that many	

Page 36 of 50

Clearinghan	e Rule Number: 06-120	1	(Iaanina Iaaati	Page 36 of 50
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6		Hearing Locan Hearing Date:	on: Mailed Comments
		sin Commercial Building Code	Tearing Date.	
Comments:	Presenter,	Sin Commercial Building Code		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State	Comments/ Recommendations		rigolicy Response
	Brohmer continued	people live in older buildings because they cannot afford to pay rents in new units. Noted that buildings where people live and rent subsidized by the state or federal government should autor required to be sprinklered because it protects our investment pay tax dollars. Urges the Department to adopt the 2006 IBC with the provision sprinklers in all new multifamily buildings with three or more to the sprinklers.	have their matically be aid for with	
160	Steve Patterson Appleton Fire Department's Fire Protection Engineer Appleton, WI	Similar comment to #63		Support noted.
161	Scott R. Humber Lakeside Development Company Mequon, WI	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
162	Kevin S. Dittmar Dittmar Realty, Inc. Menomonee Falls, WI	Strongly opposes the proposed new fire sprinkler mandate for multifamily dwellings containing 3 to 19 units. Believes the buildings where the Department is proposing to mandate sprinklers are extremely safe. Indicates that the statistics on fire deaths gathered by the Department is based on deaths that occurred in older existing buildings, which do not have the current safety features. Believes these rules will have no effect in solving the problem of fire deaths in old buildings. Suggest that more research is necessary to prevent the true cause of the 33 fire deaths over the past 5 years.		See agency response under speaker #1.
163	Colleen R. Horner New Berlin, WI	Similar comment to #84		See agency response under speaker #1.
164	Mark Benkowski Custom Design Associates, Inc. Greendale, WI	Similar comment to #2		See agency response under speaker #1.
165	Ross DePaola Integrated Energy Services/WESTLab Madison, WI	Explains he is a member of the Energy Conservation Code Courepresentative for Clean Wisconsin and commends the Departr decision to adopt the International Energy Conservation Code edition. This represents the very latest energy national efficient	ment on the (IECC) 2006	

Page 37 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments	
	: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:		
	Fire Prevention and Wiscon	,			
Comments:	Presenter,				
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
Exhibit No.	City and State				
		available to the states. Indicates that he is concerned on the requirements relative to lighting. Indicates with the adoption of the 2006 IECC comes he allo alternate compliance method ASHRAE 90.1-2004. This cre for designers of lighting system to choose to achieve complimethods are not equal. The current Wisconsin code relating control requirements come from California's Title 24 standabelieves is better than the IECC or the ASHRAE 90.1 stand. Noted that many of the Wisconsin based requirements recore Energy Code Council to maintain the lighting controls were the final draft. Suggests the following recommendations from the Energy Crelating to lighting be adopted: 1. Comm 63.0505 (2) (b) 1. Retain current definition aperture." 2. Create parity between the lighting control requirement and ASHRAE 90.1 and create Wisconsin based recachieve this. 3. IECC section 505.2.2.1 requires luminaries be dual provide uniform lighting reduction for all spaces. ASHRAE 90.1 requirements do not have similar resuggests that a Wisconsin based requirement be cruboth alternatives the same for dual-switching lighting that may be claimed a amount of additional lighting that may be claimed a mount of additional lighting that may be claimed a mount of additional lighting that may be claimed a mount of additional lighting that may be claimed.	wance to use an eates two paths ance but the g to lighting ard, which he ard. Inmended by the not included in Code Council of "effective ents of the IECC quirements to eated to However, the equirements. eated to keeping controls. cap on the total under ASHRAE	Agreed, definition has been added. The differences are not significant from an energy perspective to warrant both options to be exactly the same. Dual switching is required under Comm 63.0501 (4) of the public hearing draft of rules. The differences are not significant from an energy perspective to warrant both IECC and ASHRAE to be	
		The total area of displays may not exceed 50% of to IECC section 505.3.1.4 requires that track lighting a minimum of 30W/linear foot of track. New device "current limiter" may be installed as an integral partitisel and may serve to limit the wattage loaded on localized circuit breaker. These devices may also be important safety devices since they prevent overhead overloading of circuits. Suggest inserting language 63.0505 similar to that of California's Title 24 standard of the control of the con	be calculated at ces called rt of the track the track like be viewed as ating and a under Comm dard for 2005.	Agree, see agency response under comment #112.	
		6. Suggests that the lighting exceptions to the applical lighting code be consistent with ASHRAE 90.1 sin		Agree, additional exceptions have been added to reflect changes for the 2009 edition of the IECC.	

Page 38 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	on: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	ioni ivanea comments
	Fire Prevention and Wiscons			
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	DePaola continued	extensive. Indicated there was a recommendation a Code Council meeting to also include additional ex- lighting for amusement and attraction areas in them 7. Suggests including the modification as recommende Code Council to create an "upper limit" on the amo allowed in these types of buildings to restrict the po- buildings could be built with excessive glazing and energy efficient.	ceptions, such as e parks. ed by the Energy unt of glazing assibility that	The elimination of window area restrictions was studied by the federal DOE for their proposed IECC revisions. The study concluded that eliminating window area restrictions will not have a detrimental impact on energy and such restrictions appear to have little effect on the actual window areas.
166	Jon Wittrock J. Timothy Builders, Inc. (email/no address)	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
167	Dustin Kern Arcon Development, Inc. (email/no address)	Opposed to mandating sprinklers in all multifamily dwelling units. Indicated that housing affordability is a significant iss Minnesota and Wisconsin. Suggested that developers/builde municipalities need to work together on the initial site design that will ensure the safety of all the future residents and for the city.	ue in both ers and n of subdivisions	See agency response under speaker #1.
168	Michelle Litgens Land Pride Properties, LTD Oshkosh, WI	Explains that she and her husband own rental property serving a college campus and finds abuse of smoke detectors a problem and believes that sprinklers would be just as great a problem. Believes that a fire is well contained in the unit of origin due to fire retardant sheet rock.		See agency response under speaker #1.
169	Kent A. Davis Davis Construction, Inc. Suamico, WI	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
170	Peter A. Wagner Waubeka Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. Waubeka, WI	Similar comment to #66		Support noted.
171	Dick Vogel Justice organization Sharing Hope & United for Action (JOSHUA) Green Bay, WI	Indicates the JOSHUA organization is an interfaith group of working together to promote positive social change. This gr concern is for "workforce housing" and the goal is not just p "affordable housing" but to lessen the trend toward economic our metropolitan areas. Explains JOSHUA is concerned with how the mandate for spaffect the cost of new development and the impact on familia	oups area of romote c segregation in orinklers will	See agency response under speaker #1.

Page 39 of 50

			-	Page 39 of 50
	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Location: Mailed Comments	
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6		Hearing Date:	
		sin Commercial Building Code	·	
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
	Vogel continued	if the cost to provide sprinklers is too much, low income fan		
		live in older buildings. Encourages the Department to consi		
		consequences of making new developments inaccessible to l	ower-income	
172	Kim Tomczak	people. Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
172	Toonen Companies, Inc.	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Green Bay, WI			
173	Sharon Kapoor	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Toonen Rental Properties			
	Appleton, WI			
174	Samantha Toonen	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Toonen Companies, Inc.			
175	Green Bay, WI David J. Toonen	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
173	Toonen Companies, Inc.	Similar comment to #5		see agency response under speaker #1.
	Green Bay, WI			
176	Keith Appleton	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Johnson Bank			
155	(email/no address)	G1 11		
177	Nick Allard C.H. Robinson Company	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Green Bay, WI			
178	Curtis Destache	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	Toonen Companies, Inc.			are agency cospersor access specimen we
	Green Bay, WI			
179	Todd DeVillers	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
	CB Richard Ellis			
	Brokerage Services			
180	Appleton, WI Michelle Jaeger	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
100	LDI Composites Company	Similar comment to #3		see agency response under speaker #1.
181	Rick Chernick	Similar comment to #6		See agency response under speaker #1.
	(email/no address)			

Page 40 of 50

Classinghous	a Dula Numban 06 120		Page 40 0
	se Rule Number: 06-120 r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	50 to 66	Hearing Location: Mailed Comments
	1	sin Commercial Building Code	Hearing Date:
Comments:	Presenter,	Sin Commercial Building Code	
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response
	<i>y</i>	G' '1 + #2	C
182	Robin J. Macara Komfort Heating &	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Cooling, Inc.		
	(email/no address)		
183	Jim Gagnon	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Gagnon Clay Products Co.		
	Green Bay, WI		
184	Doug Myers	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Bayshore Electric, LLC		
	(email/no address)		
185	Melissa Walton	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Walton Enterprises, Inc.		
186	Whitewater, WI Joan Kuerschner	Similar comment to #3	C
180	Geneva Hardware &	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Design, LLC		
	(email/no address)		
187	Eric Berg	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	(email/no address)		
188	Robert Toonen	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Toonen Companies		
100	Green Bay, WI		
189	Mike Bernaer	Opposed to mandating sprinklers since it will cost customers	
	Madison, WI	Believes this is another feel-good decision such as the inclus which has actually made housing less affordable in Madison	
190	William Ruemmele	Similar comment to #22	See agency response under speaker #1.
150	Anchor Bank	Similar Comment to #22	See agency response under speaker #1.
	(email/no address)		
191	Wade Rudolph	Supports the sprinklering of residential units per NFPA 13 R	R and explains Support noted.
	North Central Health Care	the programs at North Central Health Care serve many ment	
	Wausau, WI	physically disabled individuals. Believes the additional prot	tection will save
		our clients lives in the event of a fire.	
		Included lesson from the Wilcom's Health one For'	Aiti
		Included letter from the Wisconsin Healthcare Engineering A identifying the following concerns relating to HVAC issues:	
		identifying the following concerns relating to riv AC issues:	·
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Page 41 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	on: Mailed Comments
	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	
		sin Commercial Building Code		
Comments:	Presenter,	_		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State			
	Rudolph continued	 Propose that the 2006 edition of the Guidelines for Construction of Health Care Facilities as published Institute of Architects. Comm 63.0403 (2), the words "and return" should the sentence. Return air plenums cannot be insulat proposed wording would eliminate all return plenu unducted and force all plenums to be fully ducted statement is not located in the correct area of the common factor of the co	by the American be removed from ed as stated. The ms from being Suggested the ode. relating to or gravity	The proposed rules have been changed to reflect the correct title of the referenced document The proposed rules have been revised to clarify that the exception under IECC 403.2.1 still applies, providing an exception for "ducts" within the building thermal envelope. Plenums are created within the building thermal envelope. The referenced code section pertains to low-rise residential occupancies. It is unclear how the comment is
		dampers that close when the system is not operatin provided for all outdoor air relief openings." Indic systems in healthcare are to get rid of "bad" or son dangerous air. In healthcare we never want to clos air for the safety of our residents, patients, visitors 4. Comm 63.0503 (4) (a), suggests the word "exhaust with "relief ducts." Requiring dampers that can at create an unsafe environment inside the space of he refuge in buildings that are fully sprinklered or pro residential sprinkler devices. Indicates that fully spuildings have the ability to extinguish a fire in the such that the areas of refuge are not required for the the occupants of the building.	g shall be ates the exhaust etimes e off true exhaust and staff. "be replaced times fail could ealthcares. In to areas of wided with orinklered room of origin	All types of dampers are susceptible to failure and require some level of maintenance to ensure operate. The proposed rules have been revised to permit gravity dampers in certain situations. The proposed rules have been revised to incorporate this exception.
192	Allan Jamir (email/no address)	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.
193	Edwin J. Ruckriegel City of Madison Fire Department Madison, WI	Submitted the following comments: Comm 14 repeal and recreation: 1. Comm 14.001 (2) Alternate model fire code. Support The local adoption of an alternate model fire code principles of the State's Home Rule statutes. Local should have the local option to manage fire prevent safety requirements based on local needs and resource.	supports the authorities ion and fire	Support noted.

Page 42 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Location: Mailed Comments	
	: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	
Relating to: F	Fire Prevention and Wiscon	sin Commercial Building Code	•	
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response	
	Ruckriegel continued	 Comm 14.01 (1) (e) 1. and 14.01 (a) Fire Respons Incident Reports. Supports mandatory fire incider fire responses. Fire response and incident data ser evidence of the fire problems and solutions in our Comm 60 to 66 revisions: Comm 61.03 (14) International Fire Code (IFC). Supports the adoption of the IFC. The codes adopted to the left of the sefe design country vision was accordingly to the sefe design accordingly to the sefe desi	ent reporting of all erve as valid r state. The MFD Support noted. pted in Comm ed to provide	
		standards for the safe design, construction, use, op maintenance of buildings and structures. 2. Comm 62.0903 (6) Group R. Supports adoption of sprinkler thresholds in the IBC. Fire sprinkler pro Group R occupancies with 3 or more dwelling unit of occupants and firefighters without negatively in of construction of affordability of housing. The spand incentives in this code allow for the installation	of the fire otection of all its will save lives mpacting the cost prinkler trade-offs	
		sprinklers at a fraction of the cost outlined in the in accompanying the hearing rules. 3. Comm 62.0509. Opposes this code change. The 62.0509 addresses fire apparatus access, which is component of safe buildings and structures. A saf system of many code requirements working togeth fire apparatus access requirements from the building deferring to the requirements in NFPA 1 will lead the design, construction, and approval of buildings requirements in NFPA 1, chapter 1 as included by (a) 4. a. are too vague and allow for many decision "authority having jurisdiction" (AHJ). The lack wimpact the design construction and approval of the allowing more than 800 AHJs to determine access	Applying the National Fire Protection Association's requirements for fire apparatus access, instead of modifying the model building code to include such acrequirements and modifying the model fire prevention code to not include them, is preferred because it is consistent with the overriding interest to minimize modifications of these two codes. The local decisions associated with the NFPA 1 requirements are consistent with the home-rule authority that local governments hunder sections 59.03 and 66.0101 of the statutes.	n is ent
		new buildings. 4. Comm 66 Existing buildings. Supports the creatic and the adoption of the International Existing Buil (IEBC), which will improve safety and simplify th of modifications to existing buildings.	ilding Code	

Page 43 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments	
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:		
		sin Commercial Building Code	1 1 2 cm mg 2 m c r		
Comments:	Presenter,	Committee Danies			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
Exhibit No.	City and State				
194	Jon Cechvala Wisconsin Health Care Engineering Association Madison, WI Ted Voller	Similar comment to #191 Comm 63.0503 (7), Suggests there should be size requirement economizers. Small units should be exempt and suggests 10 larger?		Information provided to the department indicates that the Btu triggers requiring economizers are cost-effective in energy savings under the proposed rules.	
195	Creekside Condominiums Delavan, WI	Similar comment to #3		See agency response under speaker #1.	
196	David E. Luczak Premier Mortgage Funding, Inc. Lake Geneva, WI	Similar comment to #3	Similar comment to #3		
197	Stephen R. Edlund Waukesha, WI	Recommends eliminating ceiling exhaust fans. 1. Indicates for all forced air heating systems in commapplications zoned for service to exterior zones, refered HVAC system must be from within 4 inches of the level no more than 32" from the exterior walls and each room serviced by the HVAC system supply air vestibules and entry ways. 2. Adjacent walls to the exterior may utilize a wall casheet metal studs and deliver the return air above the to either a plenum return design, or in the case of a duct may be attached to the sheet metal studs via a flashing assembly. 3. Where privacy walls are required, the general controconstruct a return soffit on the exterior of the private. 4. Interior spaces shall return air from an elevation not inches from interior grade. 5. Open concept architectural design spaces with note the return air within 4 inches from interior grade. 6. Exception to this proposal is that any application of HVAC systems where high ceilings cause stratificate be exempt, if anti-stratification fans are incorporated design and activated by either owner manual controcontrol based on exterior ambient temperature of ledgrees Fahrenheit. (Also includes a detailed justification paper)	curn air to the interior grade be returned from r. This includes wity between the receiling height ducted return, collar and ractor may cy wall. It greater than 4 reiling must duct f design for tion of air may red into the system of or automatic	The suggested specifications are too rigid and impractical for compliance in that the suggestions do not take in account various building designs and building functions as well as the ducts serving air conditioning purposes.	

Page 44 of 50

			Page 44 of 50
Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120	Hea	ring Location: Mailed Comments
Rule Number	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66 Hea	ring Date:
Relating to: I	Fire Prevention and Wiscon	sin Commercial Building Code	
Comments:	Presenter,		
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response
Exhibit No.	City and State		
198	Rajendra N. Shah	Similar comment to #191	See agency response under comment #191.
	(email/no address)		, and the second
199	Thomas D. Stank	Similar comment to #191	See agency response under comment #191.
	(email/no address)		
200	Dennis Pawlak	Similar comment to #12	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Pawlak Construction		
	Eau Claire, WI		
201	James Fulkerson	Similar comment to #191	See agency response under comment #191.
	Luther Midelfort Mayo		
	Health Systems		
202	(email/no address)	01. 11	
202	Jay Myers	Similar comment to #168	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Komfort Heating &	Believes that inspection from fire departments or other authorities	could save
	Cooling Elkhorn, WI	far more lives than sprinklers ever will.	
203	Christina	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
203	(email/no address)	Similar comment to #5	See agency response under speaker #1.
204	William F. Binn	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Wyntree Construction, Inc.		and agency stop same apraises with
	Lake Geneva, WI		
205	Tim Halbrook	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.
	Tim Halbrook Builders,		
	Inc.		
	(email/no address)		
206	Charlie Boysa	Similar comment to #3	See agency response under speaker #1.
	(email/no address)		
207	Pat Kaster	Similar comment to #2	See agency response under speaker #1.
200	Green Bay, WI	G: 11	0 1 1 11
208	Gina M. Hansen	Similar comment to #28	See agency response under speaker #1.
	National Association of	Believes the proposal to mandate sprinklers in all multifamily dwe	
	Industrial and Office Properties (NAIOP)	units and above is likely to have a negative impact on housing affo in Wisconsin. The following are NAIOP's concerns:	ruabinty
	Waukesha, WI	The sprinkler requirement does not address problems in o	lder
	vv aukosiia, vv i	poorly maintained buildings.	iuci,
		2. The estimates regarding the cost of installing fire sprinkle	rs are
		unrealistically low.	in the control of the
L	l	James	1

Page 45 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments	
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	50 to 66	Hearing Date:		
		sin Commercial Building Code	Treating Date.		
Comments:	Presenter,				
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
Exhibit No.	City and State				
209	Robert Neale International Code Council (ICC) Country Club Hills, IL	Supports the State of Wisconsin's proposal to adopt the 200 IBC, IECC, IMC and IFGC. Indicates the International Constatewide in several of the states neighboring Wisconsin and enforced in 47 states, including the District of Columbia and Islands. Explains other benefits of building to the latest cool energy savings, reduced maintenance costs, lower insurance fewer safety concerns.	des are enforced d is currently d US Virgin des can include e premiums and	Support noted.	
210	Thomas D. Larson Wisconsin Realtors Association (email/no address)	Similar comment to #23 and #28 and recommends to conduct an in-depth study of the fire-related deaths that have occurred in Wisconsin over the last 5 years.		See agency response under speaker #1.	
211	Heather Robinson Central States, Inc. Waunakee, WI	Similar comment to #28 and reports that she has had severa tell her that once they are owners of the condominium associathe management and authority, they would cancel the sprink	ciation and have	See agency response under speaker #1.	
212	Doug Schorr Department of Administration Madison,WI	Recommends the following changes: 1. IMC 607.3.2.1 Smoke damper actuation methods, Smoke Damper and IBC 716.3.2.1/suggest that a smoke damper actuation be added to all of these set to install a smoke detector at the discharge of the shandling unit with no air outlets between the air had discharge and the duct smoke detector. 2. IMC 607.3.2.1 and IBC 716.5.3 Shaft enclosures/sexception be added to eliminate the requirement for in penetrations of shaft enclosures for exhaust duct language)	sixth method of ections, which is supply air andling unit	The justification provided suggests there is unnecessary redundancy in the 5 methods provided yet did not provide any information to justify that the reason for the code section is to reduce redundancy. The code includes many requirements that are felt to be redundant, yet they exist solely to provide the desired safety, safety that in this case is tied to the prompt activation of the damper. The information provided did not include any engineering data or analysis to show that the prompt operation of the smoke damper will not be adversely affected by the lack of redundancy reflected in the additional method proposed. The justification provided rests solely on two NFPA standards that are not referenced for use within the IBC, IMC or IFGC. More engineering information or statistical data is needed to justify use within this code. The justification did not include any of the analysis or engineering associated with the intended smoke control, an analysis that could be included on a project by project basis as currently allowed by the code. The code currently includes a performance type exception that	

Page 46 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	on: Mailed Comments	
	: Chapters Comm 14 and 60	0 to 66	Hearing Date:		
	•	in Commercial Building Code			
Comments:	Presenter,	<u> </u>			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response	
Exhibit No.	City and State				
Eamout No.	Schorr continued Schorr continued	 Comm 64.0002 Application and IMC 601.2 Air M Egress Elements. Indicates the code is not clear w restriction in using a corridor for air movement ap existing building. Design consultants have received interpretations from the Department on when the 6 be upgraded. Recommends that clarification be acon when the corridor air movement restrictions ap buildings. Comm 64.0002 Applications and IMC 607.5.5 Sh and IBC 716.5.3. Indicates it is not clear when the requirements apply to existing buildings when the being renovated or replaced and the existing shaft and duct penetrations within the shaft are to remain clarification on this issue. IMC 604.3 Coverings and linings. This section recoverings to have a flame spread index not more than 50 in accordance with Acordinary are no exceptions to this requirement and recomm exception be added to the duct covering flame/smarrequirement for ductwork located outside the build allow the use of roofing systems that provide supe and water proofing qualities to cover ductwork located building. 	when the oplies in an ed different entire system must dded to the code oply in existing that Enclosures e shaft penetration and existing duct in. Suggest equires duct than 25 and smoke STM E84. There are that an oke spread ding. This would erior insulation	creates the same desired effect, to eliminate the smoke dampers, by including that exhaust in a mechanical smoke control system that is designed to function without said smoke dampers. The code does not apply retroactively to existing corridors, see s. Comm 61.03. Not enough information is provided to know whether the differing interpretations were erroneous. Differing interpretations may be warranted based upon the extent of the alterations or whether new corridors are being created. It is believed that the incorporation of the IEBC will result in a more consistent requirement, less prone to differing interpretation. The code does not apply retroactively to existing shaft penetrations. It is believed that the incorporation of the IEBC will result in a more consistent requirement, less prone to differing interpretation. The purpose of the rule is to reduce the possible contribution to the spread of fire and smoke throughout the building via a duct system.	
		6. Comm 64.0404 (1) (c). Requires mechanical vent minimum of five hours out of a 24 hour period. T significant operating cost for a heated vehicle stor greater than 50 square feet. Suggest an exception an occupancy sensor to activate the mechanical ve minimum time interval in lieu of the timed require protect the personnel entering the facility if there is build-up in CO or NO2 below the alarm levels.	This can create a rage facility that is be included to use entilation for a ement. This would	Agree, the current modification has been revised to be an option to the corresponding IMC provision; the IMC provision directly addresses the risk when the garage is occupied as compared to the modification which references a time frame which does not take into account whether or not people are present.	

Page 47 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	on: Mailed Comments
Rule Number	:: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	50 to 66	Hearing Date:	
Relating to: F	Fire Prevention and Wiscons	sin Commercial Building Code		
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
	Schorr continued	7. Chapter Comm 66 Existing Buildings. Concerned adoption of this chapter as it appears to assume that buildings are not code compliant with the code in each of original construction or need further regulation. not sure what the intent of this chapter is, retro-action an already existing structure, or a perceived mir for an existing building.	at existing effect at the time Indicates he is ive requirements	The application of WCBC including ch. Comm 66 is addressed under s. Comm 61.03. The provisions of ch. Comm 66 and the IEBC apply to the alterations, changes of use and additions occurring within or for existing buildings.
		8. Appears the administration of chapter Comm 66 w building envelope upgrades where "energy use of t increased." This may require existing buildings wi electrical service or air conditioning where not pre would require the building envelope modification t applied to an existing structure. From DOA's standard requirement will become more problematic and expoperate and maintain existing buildings.	the building is ith an upgraded viously there to be retroactively dpoint, this pensive to	The administration of ch. Comm 66 will reflect the current rules which require compliance for changes in occupancies that "would result in an increase in demand for either fossil fuel or electrical energy supply."
213	Joe Monfire Department of Administration Madison, WI	Has concerns with the following requirements as the IMC at 45: IMC 1104.2 Machinery Room. Indicates the defin "machinery room" is based on whether the quantity exceeds the quantity as prescribed by Table 1103.1 construction of machinery rooms is described in IM 1106, if required by the safety classification. Belie that any large volume space can have a piece of refequipment without the need to meet the requirement and 1106. Suggests this application be clarified esspace might be a large industrial space or central particle devices, such as boilers or chillers. Believes IMC 1105 and 1106 only apply to spaces machinery room as defined by IMC 1104.2.	ition for y of refrigerant 1. The MC 1105 and eves this implies frigeration ints of IMC 1105 pecially if the lant that has fuel	It is unclear what is the basis for the concerns; the current Wisconsin modifications under s. Comm 64.1101 substitute chapter Comm 45 for the requirements of IMC chapter 11 pertaining to refrigeration. The proposed rules do not affect s. Comm 64.1101.
214	Pete Trost St. Francis Fire Department St. Francis, WI	Supports the proposed rules relating sprinklers. Indicates space been proven to contain fires, reducing damage costs and mosaving lives by allowing time to exit a building. Believes rebuildings need extra time to evacuate due to people sleeping	ore importantly esidential g.	Support noted.
215	Lawrence Passafaro St. Francis, WI	Supports the proposed rules relating to sprinklers. Similar of	comment to #214.	Support noted.

Page 48 of 50

Clearinghous	se Rule Number: 06-120		Hearing Locati	ion: Mailed Comments
	r: Chapters Comm 14 and 6	60 to 66	Hearing Date:	ion mand comments
	Fire Prevention and Wiscon			
Comments:	Presenter,			
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Comments/Recommendations	
Exhibit No.	City and State			
216	Robert Procter Foundry Apartments, LLC Madison, WI	Opposes the proposed rules relating to sprinklers in all mult dwellings. Similar comment to #28	ifamily	See agency response under speaker #1.
217	George Krudop Wisconsin Fire Inspectors Oak Creek, WI	Similar comment to #214.		Support noted.
218	Matt Hamilton US Fire Protection New Berlin, WI	Supports the proposed rules relating to sprinklers and indicatins inspection of a sprinkler system on annual basis is \$200.		Support noted.
219	Randall R. Dahmen Madison, WI	IBC 1204.1, indicates this code section has not been amended with modification associated with Comm Table 64.0309. IEBC 709.2 Level 2 Alterations. Explains the code requires mechanically ventilated spaces, existing mechanical ventilate are altered, reconfigured, or extended shall provide not less person of outdoor air and not less than 15 cfm of ventilation or not less than the amount of ventilation air determined by Questions why Comm 64.0403 (6) (a) 1. requires 7.5 of outs IECC chapter 4, indicates this chapter fails to address HVA in low rise residential units. Explains that HVAC controls a both low rise residential and commercial buildings under the believes for enforcement and effective energy management, of IECC 503.2.4 should be incorporated into IECC chapter. Comm 63.0404, explains the draft clearly recognizes the use computer program for demonstration of building envelope condoes recognize COMcheck-EZ. Recommends an amendmenthe use of COMcheck-EZ computer program under chapter IECC Table 503.2.8 references steam, hot water, chilled was refrigerant. States the code fails to define the temperatures are to be recognized. IECC 505.6, indicates this requirement fails to include languallow for enforcement. Explains IECC 505.5 clearly identific compliance can be achieved for interior lighting and believe enforcement language was not carried over for exterior light that an amendment be included for exterior lighting for enforcement.	s that in ion systems that than 5 cfm per air per person, the ASHRAE 62. side? C system controls are required in a 2000 IECC and the requirements 4 a of REScheck ompliance but into recognize 5. ter, brine or at which these mage that would lies how is similar.	The matter is addressed under treatment SECTION 78 in the public hearing draft. Agree, the proposed rules have been changed to eliminate this option which would appear to result in creating situations less healthy than existing conditions. The 2006 edition of IECC chapter 4 reflects the study and proposals of the federal Department of Energy. The proposed rules have been changed to include a note referencing COMcheck for determining building envelope compliance. The exceptions under IECC 503.2.8 and the dictionary would establish the parameters for the various fluids. The IECC provisions and the ASHRAE provisions for exterior lighting are basically identical. The compliance with 505.6 is interpreted to be achieved similar to IECC 505.5.

Page 49 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120	ion: Mailed Comments					
ŭ			Hearing Date:				
Relating to: Fire Prevention and Wisconsin Commercial Building Code							
Comments:	Comments: Presenter,						
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response			
Exhibit No.	City and State						
	Dahmen continued	Comm 63.0505 (1) includes a wrong cross-reference. Indicates (3) does not exist. IFGC 303.3, indicates the use of unvented room heaters under 3. and 4. Explains Comm 65.0621 specifically prohibits the use of this equipment. Suggests that an amendment be included to delete these references. Comm 65.0630, explains the draft does not include the language proposed to go with the new section. Assumes that since the draft does not include any new language that the existing language currently associated with Comm 65.0630 will still be maintained IFGC 304.5 addresses two methods for combustion air from within the building which are acceptable for use with fuel gas appliances. Believes all fuel gas equipment installed in new commercial buildings will be required to		The proposed rules have been changed to correct the error. The reference to 3. and 4. are currently deleted under s. Comm 65.0303 (2); no change is proposed for this rule. Treatment SECTION 206 only amends the introduction of the renumbered Comm 65.0630, the remainder of the rule remains unchanged. The IFGC provisions already allow openings to connect spaces in order to provide for combustion air. It is only when it is "known" or when the designer chooses a more			
		either be 1) direct vent sealed combustion, thus no internal building combustion air would be required, or 2) designed with outside air louvers per IFGC 304.6. Requests the code address conflict by creating an amendment recognizing 4% openings to the space in which fuel gas equipment is located under IFGC 304.5 as an option to having greater than 0.4 air changes per hour.		conservative approach, that the combustion air determination is limited to only one method.			
		Comm 65.0400 requires application of NFPA 54 for gas pip piping installations and is still retained in combination with Comm 65.0700, which defines that ANSI Z223/NFPA 54-20 reference. Identifies the following concerns: 1) Comm 65.0 amendment to 2000 IFGC chapter 7. References in the 2000 contained in IFGC chapter 8, thus Comm 65.0700 should be Comm 65.0800, and 2, why was NFPA-54-2006 not chosen most recent edition available to the public?	the existing 002 be the base 1700 is an 5 IFGC are now renumbered since this the	The rules are to be amended to reference the correction 2006 IFGC citations. The 2002 edition of NFPA 54 is also adopted by reference under ch. Comm 40. The standard references for both the WCBC and ch. Comm 40 will be updated together in the future.			
		irror chapter 7, believes that plan submittal for gaseous hydrology will be required after the implementation of the 2006 codes and under Comm 40.10. Asks how the fees will be defined a double submittal was not intended. Suggests that an amenda deleting IFGC chapter 7, which would maintain the current systems plan submittal and inspection requirements. Comm 64.0403 (6) and (8), believes the elimination of the 7 outside air is controversial and detrimental to the future of V energy reserves and energy independence since the IMC requirem/person. References a letter from Gene Strehlow, Comm	of the ICC codes and believes the ment be made status for gas .5 cfm/person of Visconsin's uires 15-20	When plans are required to be submitted is addressed under s. Comm 61.30. The proposed rules do not include revisions for Comm 61.30 requiring the submission of plans for gaseous hydrogen systems. Therefore, the status quo is in effect where gaseous hydrogen plans are. reviewed under ch. Comm 40 The rules regarding the minimum rate of outside air have not been revised.			

Page 50 of 50

Clearinghous	e Rule Number: 06-120	on: Mailed Comments					
Rule Number: Chapters Comm 14 and 60 to 66 Hearing Date:							
Relating to: Fire Prevention and Wisconsin Commercial Building Code							
Comments:	C C						
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response			
Exhibit No.	City and State						
	Dahmen continued	ASHRAE Technical Committee 9.1 relating to this same issue.					
		Suggest the current requirement of 7.5 cfm of outside air per person in					
		commercial buildings be maintained, unless a code listed exception is met					
		Comm 64.0403 (8) (b) 1. c., suggests the following sentence be added to the		The current rules do not require minimum air changes			
		current amendment: "Where a supply system serves only one room the		when a supply system serves only one room.			
		required minimum air change may be achieved by circulation within the room at the required rate." Feels this addition will clarify current					
		interpretations by the Department.					
		IMC 502.14 addresses the need for a source capture for a vehicle repair area.		The Q & A describes one possible solution of addressing			
		Explains the Department currently recognizes the use of tail pipe exhaust		the situation as allowed under IMC section 401.6.			
		system through the Q & A section on the web page. Suggests that Comm		Codifying this solution may unintentionally preclude			
		64.61 (3) (b), which was a code requirement prior to July 1, 2002 be		others options and methods.			
		referenced.		The format is appointed with the DMC which applies this			
		IMC 502.14, Exception 3., believes this requirement is in conflict with Comm Table 64.0403 relating to "enclosed parking garage", footnote d.		The format is consistent with the IMC which applies this as an exception to IMC 403 and the table			
		Suggests eliminating IMC 502.14, Exception 3.		as an exception to five 403 and the table			
		IMC 602.2.1, indicates this section defines the test standard to which plenum		The proposed rules have been changed to reference the			
		materials are to be tested. Requests that currently approved alternate		alternate standard.			
		standard also be referenced within the code text.					
		IMC 607.5.5, believes this section has not been amended to reflect the		Agreed, the proposed rules have been changed to			
		proposed IBC/Comm 62.0716 (1), which states smoke dampers are not		coordinate the two code provisions.			
		required with NFPA 45 systems. Requests that a modification be done to the wording under the Wisconsin amendment to reference NFPA 45, which also					
		recognizes that fire dampers are not required in such systems.					
		IMC chapter 13 Fuel Oil Piping and Storage, indicates this chapter will be		The necessity for submitting alteration plans is addressed			
		adopted but believes it is unclear how this chapter will be used in reference		under s. Comm 61.30. The fees for building plan review			
		to Comm 10, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Asks the following		are established under ch. Comm 2. Construction projects			
		questions: 1) Are plans required to be submitted when fuel oil tanks are		falling under the scope of the WCBC are subject to			
		installed or removed? 2) What will the cost be for plan revie		inspections; no specific types of inspection are required.			
		commercial building inspectors required to inspect since IMO will be adopted in the Commercial Building Code.	cnapter 13	under the WCBC			
220	Jane Draeger	Believes the current requirements for sprinklers in all multifa	mily housing	See agency response under speaker #1.			
220	(email/no address)	will be a deterrent to buildings in the rural area due to the cos		see agency response ander speaker #1.			
	,	with the installation of this system. Believes the current requ					
		rated separation works well along with the smoke detection requirements.					